HE GIVES UP A HOPELESS FIGHT. A CONDICIONAL OFFER TO WITHDRAW NOT AC-CEPTED-FINAL RETIREMENT-DIVISION OF THE ROLLINS VOTE.

Ex-Senator Edward H. Rollins late on Wednesday night sent a letter to four of his chief Republican opponents for the office of United States Senator from New-Hampshire offering to withdraw his acceptance of the caucus nomination if they also would withdraw their names as candidates. The profler was not accepted. Yesterday after one ballot for Senator had been taken by the Legislature a supporter of Mr. Rollins submitted a letter from him withdrawing his name. In the succeeding ballot William E. Chandler, Secretary of the Navy, received a large number of votes for Senator.

MR. CHANDLER'S LARGE VOTE. HE BECOMES A LEADING CANDIDATE AFTER BOL-LINS'S WITHDRAWAL-MR. ROLLINS'S LETTERS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TELBUNE.]
CONCORD, N. H., July 12.—Senator Rollins has been drawn out of the race for the Senatorship, and will not succeed himself as Senator from New-Hampshire. The struggle, which has absorbed the attention of the Legislature for about three weeks, to the exclusion of all other business, is nearly

ended apparently. Mr. Rollins became convinced late Wednesday night that his cause was hopeless, and after midnight he sent an open letter to the four Republicans who had been receiving support from the anticauc s men, agreeing to retire from the field if the others would do the same. The letter was addressed to Gilman Marston, Aaron F. Stevens, James F. Briggs and James W. Patterson, and recited the fact that Mr. Rollins had received the Republican caucus nomination, but that he had not been elected United States Senator because some Republican members of the Legislature had refused to abide by the action of the caucus. The barmony of the Republican party in New-Hampshire was much impaired by this division, Mr. Rollins declared, and he was therefore willing to retire from the contest if the four gentlemen he ramed in his letter would follow the same course.

THE CONDITIONAL OFFER DECLINED.

This letter met with no response to-day, except by a remark to the Legislature this noon from one of the anti-caucus men, who styled the letter "an egotistical production" and "unworthy of reply." There were only thirteen absentees to-day when the batloting was begun. In the twenty-first joint ballet Patterson dropped out, his twenty-four votes going principally to Tapoan and William E. Chandler. On this ballot Chandler received eight votes, which was the beginning of a boom for the Secretary which was the beginning of a boom for the Secretary of the Navy. Rollins received ninety-three again, or fourteen over the last ballot on Wednesday. The first bullot to-day resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 322; necessary tor a choice, 162; of watch Wijnam S. Land had 1. Dather Barnard, 1; John Y. Mugridge, 1; Charles H. Burns, 1; Jereonah Smith, 3; William E. Chanier, 8; Aaron F. Stevens, 18; Gilman Marston, 20; Mason W. Tappan, 22; James J. Briggs, 37; Edward H. Rollins, 93; Harry Bingham, 117.

WITHDRAWAL OF ROLLINS. At the conclusion of this ballot Mr. Whitehouse of Rochester, presented the following letter from Senator Rollins, drawing out unconditionally from

To the Republican M mbers of the New-Hampshire To the Republican Monders of the New-Hampsaire Legislature:

As your calculate for Unived States Senator, regularly nomin the finace rilance with time-honored usages of the party. I have for several weeks, and at nearly every vote taken, been supported by a majority of you with earire lidelity. From the beginning of the cauvass, however, my election has been opposed by several gentlemen of prominence in the party, who have received undons at its hands, and always by the agency of can uses and convent us, and they have succeeded thus far in the standard they have succeeded thus far in the army the publican majority.

Convenced at length for at the interests of the Republican party require a speed, termination of this condition of tungs, I have proposed to four gentlemen was have from the outset republished the party obligations and stodies and as candidates for the Senate in deflace of the will of the organization, that we all restre from the field and leave it open to the intrinse accepted, and I be party. This proposed is not be further consideration of the party.

st. od as candidates for the Senate in deflated of the will of the organization, toat we all retire from the field and leave it open to the further co-sideration of the party. This proposal has not been accepted, and I leave those gentlemen to settle their account in this entire transaction with their co-stituents and the Republican party of New Hampshire. In my view of public affairs I am thus brought to face an important persons responsibility.

In an active membership of the Republican party eversince its birth, in seasons of victory and deceat, sometimes in the position of hadership and sometimes as a private in its ranks, I have never taltered in supporting its principles, its nominands and its accredited modes of action. Nor have I nesitated to mater any sacrates of my personal technics or material materials and the secredited modes of action. Nor have I nesitated to materials and the representation of my party associates seemed to demand. It costs me no heartournings to treat the path of duty again, and, therefore, in the further interest of harmony and peace of the party is whose continued assendancy in the State and Nation I believe the best interests of our time are bound up, and especially in view of the approaching Prest entitle election, he closeness of the Uniced States Senate, and the assolute importance of encoding a Republican senator at this session, I desire to withdraw my name as your monince for Senator, and leave you free to select auction. Profoundly gracful to you, and throughyou to the Republicans of the State, for the honor and opportunities for service I have aiready enjoyed, and particularly hanking my rireads for their generous support in this protracted struggle, I am, with great respect, your obedient servant.

Edward H Rollins.

A LARGE VOTE FOR WILLIAM E. CHANDLER. The twenty-second ballot was then taken, and resuited as follows: Waole number of votes cast, 322; necessary to a chice, 162; of which Harry Bingham received 113, James F. Briggs 37, Griman Marston 25, Jeremiah Smith 16, Jacob H. Gallinger 4, Walter Harriman 3, John L. Spring 2, Willtam E. Cha dier 52, Mason W. Tappan 30, Aaron F. Stevens 16, Orrin C. Moore 9, Daniel Barnard 4 Benjamin F, Prescott 2, Samuel C. Eastman 2, and several others one each.

AFTER MR. ROLLINS'S RETIREMENT. CHANDLER AND TAPPAN THE LEADING CANDI DATES.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CONCORD. N. H., July 12.-The situation to night is not considered very satisfactory. It is impossible to predict with any degree of certainty when the contest will end,

It was at first supposed that the retirement of Mr. Rollins would simplify matters and open the way to a speedy termination of the struggle. There are a great variety of opinious expressed to-night among members of the Legislature. Some declare that the withdrawal of Mr. Rollins was a mistake, while others took upon his course as the only sensible one possible under the circumstances. There is a possibility that supporters may go over to Chandler to-morrow, and Chandler's strength may possibly be increased to eighty or ninety; but he then would be a good way off from the goal. Chandler agreed not to be

a candidate while Rollins was in the field, and now that the latter is out of the race it is not at all certain that the bulk of the Rollins men will vote for Chandler.

The political situation in the old Granite State was, perhaps, never so badly mixed. There are too many changes to give promise of harmony, and it may chause to give promise of harmony, and it may be several days before a sanator can be elected. The most prominent candidates to-night, so far as can be seen, are Chandler and Tappan. An unsuccessful effort was made to nave a third ballot to-day.

VOTING FOR NEARLY A MONTH. MR. ROLLINS'S VOTE FALLS FROM 125 ON JUNE 19

TO 79 ON JULY 11. Mr. Rollins was nominated for re-election to the Senate by a Republican caucus held on June 14. There were present in the cau-cus 130 of the 206 Republican members of the Legislature, and Mr. Rollins received 98 votes and was declared to be the caucus nominee. Those who opposed his re-election announced their purpose to vote against him, and ever since the first few bailots were taken his chances of election grew smaller. The voting began on June 18. Out of 23 votes in the Senate Mr. Rollins received 10, or two less than a majority; in the House he received 117 votes, two more than Bing-

ham, the Democratic candidate, and 13 less than a majority. On June 19 the first joint ballot was taken Mr. Rollins receiving 125 out of 329 votes or two less than he received on the separate votes the day before. On June 21 he had 113 votes, the anti-caucus vote in creasing from 89 to 91. The next vote was taken June 26, when Mr. Rollins had 104 votes out of 321. The On June 28 he received 99 votes out of 309 on the first ballot and 93 out of 287 on the second ballot. the first ballot and 93 out of 287 on the second ballot.

On the following day only 23 votes were cast, and on June 30 no ballot was taken, a quoram not being present. On July 6, out of 246 votes he received 74. On the 9th he had 9 out of 23 votes, no quorum being present. On the 10th his supporters were somewhat encouraged when they found that only twenty members of the Legislature were absent, but when the ballot was taken he received only 105 out of 316 votes. On the 11th three ballots were taken, Mr. Rollins receiving 101 out of 311 on the first, 88 out of 302 on the second and 79 out of 90 on the third. After the last vote, the twenty-first joint ballot, was taken Mr. Rollins lessed his letter proposing that all the Republican candidates should withdraw.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CAMPAIGN.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. SATISFACTION OF THE REPUBLICANS WITH THE TICKET-QUAY'S DISAPPOINTMENT-A LATE CAM-

PAIGN. FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. HARRISBURG, July 12 .- Any candid Democrat who has spent the last two days in Harrisburg and who has talked with the delegates to the Republican Convention, will be compelled to admit that they are sincerely consident of electing their ticket. Indeed, there is no question of success among them. The Republicans have a clear majority of the voters in the State, and all that is needed to insure success is real harmonious action, as was foreshadowed by yesterday's convention. The probability of success is greatly increased by the composition of the ticket. This seems to satisfy all the conditions.

One of the speakers, in proposing a candidate for State Treasurer yesterday, said that both candidates to be chosen should be men who had supported the regular ticket last year and were acceptable to the Independent sentiment of the party. Independents themseives would probably concede it was reasonable to demand that that both candidates should be regulars of last year, in view of the fact that Beaver's vots was 315,000, while Stewart's was less than 44,000. Yet both Livsey and Niles, who supported Beaver, are acceptable to the Independents, the latter especially so. Livsey's high personal character, and the fact that his nomination can be regarded as directly in the line of Civil-Service promotion, are both greatly in his favor. The Independents have special reason for being pleased with the nomination of Niles, because the office of Auditor-General is much more important than that of Treasurer, which recent legislation has reduced almost to a clerical place. Niles's share in the movement to make Grow Senator makes him practically an Independent. In fact, he is so much so that some of the Pennsylvania journalists, in talk to-day, have been saying that it was a fortunate thing that the other nomination, that for State Treasurer, went to a man identified with the Stalwarts, and not to a man of any Independent leanings. It was said, for example, that the nomination of Hulings for State Treasurer, whom Quay, the Philadelphia "boss," tried to nominate when he found that Passmore was beaten, would have been a mistake. Hunngs had been enough of an Independent either to make Niles's nomination on the same ticket with him mpossible-which would have been a misfortune, as Niles is a strong man-or, by thus getting two semi-Independents on the ticket, to make Stal warts throughout the State dissatisfied. On the other hand, if Grimeson had been put on the ticket with Livsey many Independents would probably have staved at home on election day, feeling that men; of their type had had no recognition. As it is, both sides are contented and good-humored, and it is believed that the Independents generally will support the ticket. It is true that Colonel Levi Bird Duff, of Pittsburg, the Independent caudidate for Lieutenant-Governor last year, is already quote

sions offered them no legitimate ground of criticism. CHARACTER OF THE CAMPAIGN. Niles will take the lead in the canvass, while Livsey will probably go on calm v keeping his books in the Treasurer's office. Politicians who went to the Treasurer's rooms yesterday to talk with him about his candidacy found him with a pen behind his ear, travelling up and down a big column of figures. Niles is recognized as the Republican leader in the present House, is a good speaker, and a man of force. Still it is expected that the campaign will be a quiet one, with little speaking. Propably it will not really begin until a month before the elec-tion. The Republicans of both sides say they had "a good dear of a campaign" last year, and as the Presidential campaign comes next year, they prefer

as saying that the action of the Convention cannot

command the confidence of the Independents, but

t is not believed that many will take this attitude.

Certainly the tone of those present in and about

the convention was that its actions and conclu-

"a good dear of a can page has year, they prefer now to save their strength.

All accounts agree among well-informed men that Quay left the deleat of Pa-smore more than it was supposed he would. His movement to Hulings on the fifth ballot in the hope of deteating Livsey was a bad mistake for a "boss" to make. He could carry only half the Philadelphia delegation with him, and the other half went to Livsey. Quay is said to have indulged in some strong language on the general situation when he got back to his hotel. Mages showed a good deal of excitement when the balloting had reached a critical poin. Each of the men was evidently in earnest for his candidates.

The fact that Cameronism was not an issue in the Convention, and that the body worked out its own conclusions without dictation from outside, was often spoken of with pleasure. "I've been fighting Cameronism for thirty years," said one leading delegate, who is a Stalwart, but still claims to have been an anti-Cameron man from the beginning, "but I never saw it smashed till yesterday."

OTHER POLITICAL NEWS.

A WORD FROM SAMUEL J. RANDALL. HE EXPECTS TO BE THE NEXT SPEAKER-NOT A PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12 .- The Times to-morrow will say: "In answer to the suggestion of a New-York journal that the Hon. Samuel J. Randall was a candidate for President and might go out of the contest for Speaker to enter the Presidential race, the ex-Speaker to-day good humoredly but with numistakable empha-sis said: 'I am a Democrat and nothing else. My name will go before the Democratic cancus for Speaker, and I know enough to feel certain that I will be its nominee for that office. If there small be any boil it will not be by any friend of mine, and all statements to the con-trary are entirely without warrant. I am not a candi-date, directly or remotely, for any other office than that of Speaker. That's all I have to say."

MR. HENDRICKS NOT A CANDIDATE. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 12 .- The Express publishes a statement from Scuator Voorhees regarding the interview at Omaha with ex-Governor Hendricks in which it was said that Mr. Voornees had no authority to make the statement tout he (Mr. Hendricks) was not a candidate for President. The Senator says that he has never stated anything by authority from Governor Hen-dricks in regard to his future purposes, and does not now; but that he personally knows that the Governor is not a candidate for the Presidency or any other office. He knows this from the Governor himself.

DISCUSSING CIVIL RIGHTS. GALVESTON, Tex., July 12 .- A dispatch from Austin to The News says that the Colored Men's State Convention met there yesterday. Governor Ireland criticised the convention for not being entirely nonpolitical and for presuming to question Judge Turner's decision declaring the Civil Rights bill unconstitutional as to the color line on railroad trains. "The question of civil rights," he said, "would be solved when you teach the white race that yours is their equal in education, in-telligence and moral standing."

The Rev. Mr. Grant, president of the convention, as-serted that the colored people's condition with respect to railroads was insupportable, but admitted that they

would get substantially no benefits from any civil rights FOUND DROWNING IN A CREEK.

TIMELY RESCUE OF AN EX-RAILROAD RECEIVER SUFFERING FROM WEAKNESS OF MIND.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 12.—As Frederick W. Toby, of Absecom, which is the first station on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad about six miles northwest of Atlantic City, was walking along the track to this place yesterday morning he saw the head of a man pro ecting out of the salt water in the edge of a creek. Mr. Toby was in the act of crossing a trestle, the 7 o'clock train from Atlantic City having just passed him at a point about two and a half miles from this city. The man's hear and shoulders were just above the level of the incoming tide, immediately beneath the treatle. Mr. Toby tool off his outer clothing, waiked into the creek and pulled the man out of the mud, discovering that he was in sitting position. In a half hour the tide would have risen over his head. He appeared completely exhausted, said nothing and was incapable of taking any care of The man was William F. Hamilton, of No. 3,441 Lan-

caster-ave., in Philadelphia, and ex-receiver of the Hes-

tonville, Mantua and Fairmount Railroad. He had or

neither coat nor hat. was covered with mud, unshaven and unkempt and was a pitiful object. A freight train was stopped and Mr. Hamiiton was taken aboard and brought to this city. He was at once sent to Police Headquarters where he received medical attendance from Dr. Boardman Reed. Notice of Mr. Hamiiton's strauge disappearance yesterday had been left with the Mayor and Chief of Police, who at once recognized him. He had a few pennics and nickels in his pockets and an account book containing his pass over the Hestonville, Mantua and Fairmount Railroad. Yesterday atternoon Mr. Hamiiton was covered with scratches from head to foot and his disordered clothing showed that he had a rough trace of 11 in his wanderings. His watch, a silver one, had been discolored by the salt water and was stopped at 11.58, indicating that he must have falled into the water some time before that hour Wednesday night.

Mrs. Hamiiton said that he must have falled into the water some time before that hour Wednesday night.

Mrs. Hamiiton said that her husband had been overworked for a year or two past, his duties as receiver of the road had kept him busy long hours, and he had suffered some five weeks ago a severe attack of nervous prostration. This had made his milnd weak. It was by the advice of physicians that they had come here to seek the rest and quiet necessary for his recovery. He is in a critical condition. His physicians say that his recovery depends largely upon getting him out of the chill he is in. He was without food for more than twenty-four hours, and was in the cold salt water for ten hours. neither coat nor hat. was covered with mud, unshaves

HUNTED BY RIS DESERTED WIFE.

SAMUEL POTTER'S DOMESTIC HISTORY EXPOSED-SENSATIONAL DIVORCE SUIT.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. ST. PAUL, Minn., July 12 .- A divorce suit has just been begun in the District Court which has created a sensation among St. Paul social and religious circles. Fifteen years ago Samuel Potter, a poor workingman, came to St. Pani from England in company with the late Dillon O'Brien, the Irish auther. grees he rose from a penniless mechanic to be the wealthy proprietor of a large furniture establishment. For the past two years he has been living with a woman who was supposed to be his wife. Both have long been prominent members of St. Paul's Episcopal Church. It now is known that Potter deserted his wife and five children in England. This wife has just appeared in this children in England. This wife has Just appeared in this city in the company of one of her sons, and has begun proceedings for divorce and alimony. Potter confesses that he was never ma ried in St. Paul and claims that he left his wife in England because she was un althrut. He has tried to settle with his wife, but she demands a larger sum than he is willing to pay, hence the suit. Pot.er declares that his wife and children have deliberately un dertaken to wreck him both in purse and rejuntation. In this, Poter alleges, they are being assisted by nis wife's brotaer, Edward Holland, a prominent missiess man of Northfield, Minn. Not for years has the society of the domestic history of Pot.tr, who has hitherto stood very laga in popular exceem

ORDERED TO TAKE OFF THEIR REGALIA. FORESTERS DENIED ADMISSION TO A CATHOLIC CHURCH.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., July 12 .- The Court of Hermann, Ancient Order of Foresters, were yesterday refused admission to St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church wearing their regalia. The Court were there to attend the funeral of John C. Bermardt, one of their brethren.
Father McGryn y refused to permit them to enter unless they removed their regalia, which they refused to de and went away with the exception of three members, acting as hal-bearers, who divested themselves of the bange and entered the building. Father McGivney enjained to the audience that the organization was not connected with the caurch, nor was the order recog-

THE ABDUCTION OF MISS PARRY.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 12.-Miss Parry, who was abducted from Syracuse, N. Y., by her mother lived here until last winter, when her mother drove he out of the house. Miss Parry then went to Syracus out of the house. Also the where she has since been. The mother started a week ago to bring her home, the girl having had property worth \$5,000 left her by an uncle. The girl refused to return, when the mother got the assistance of a male friend and carried her off by force.

THE COLORED PRESS CONVENTION.

ST. Louis. July 12 .- At the session of the Colored Press Convention, yesterday, papers were read by J. W. Wilson, of The St. Louis Tribine, on "How to Manage Dishonest Agents," and by W. A. Pledger, of The Georgia Vindicator, and president of the convention on "How to Make an Editorial Page Most Efficient. The Committee on Resolutions reported a large numbe of resolutions which, on motion, were recommitted to be "boiled down." The delegates attended a dramatic armusical festival last night, and to-night were entertained with a military drill and a banquet.

THE SOLDIERS HOME INQUIRY.

BATH, N. Y., July 12 .- Evidence of crueltics against the inmates of the Soldiers' Home was con tinued until noon to-day. The energes against Trustee Jonathan Robie and Quartermaster C. C. Levens were ought up. Nothing of importance was elicited during the afternoon. The investigation by the G. A. R. Committee closed to-day, and a letter was prepared addressed to General Thomas G. Ritcuer stating that in all the testimony taken none of it reflected against his character.

THE PARNELL FUND INCREASING.

CHICAGO, July 12 .- The Citizen on Saturday will say : "The Parnell fund in Ireland has risen to over \$90,000, in Chicago it is within a small amount of \$7,000, and in Massachusetts it has reached nearly \$3,900, so that, without counting the Australian districts and the United States and Canada, which have not yet been reported, the testimonial now amounts to more than \$100,000 in cash, and will be raised to at least \$150,000."

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES—BY TELEGRAPH.

FATAL QUARREL BETWEEN BROTHERS-IN-LAW.
St. LOUIS. July 12.—A dispatch from Corwin,
Ills. savs: At Burat Prairie, a fatal affray occurred between Donglas Gowdy and his sister's husband, "Buck"
Williams, the result of an old family fend. Gowdy cut Willtams saveral times, and the latter then drow his own knife
and stabbed Gowdy to the heart, killing him instantly.

DISAGREEMENT FOR THE SECOND TIME.
TROY, N. Y., July 12.—The jury to the second trial of Joan W. Luke, of New York, accused of participation in the Glichrist masked roboery on Angust 16, 1882, disagraed, it is reported that eight were for conviction. In the first trial eleven favored conviction.

STRUCK BY AN ENGINE AND KILLED.

TREXTON, N. J., July 12.—Thomas Waldrliquor dealer, forty-dive years of ago, was struck by i.,
gine of a passenger train and instancy killed while crotine tracks of the Revidere Division of the Pennsy
Radirual here this atternoon. His sudden death prosthie wife, who now lies lusensible. EDITOR AND MANAGER CONVICTED OF LIBEL

TITISBURG, Penin. July 12.—W. J. Konnitz, manager, and John B. Kennedy, editor of The Alleghens Escaling Mad. were convicted this afternoon of criminal libel. Peter whiter, jr., a member of Alegheny City Councils, being the prosecutor. The article which provided the libel suit accused Walter of using his official position for personal

gain.

ARREST OF AN ALLEGED SWINDLER.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 12.—Martin Dulley, a wealthy citizon, some years ago, it is alleged, swindled person here and at Silver treek and fied. Is descently be returned to Burñao and began operations again. He succeeded in bo rown g various sums on imaginary reas estate possessions. Three days ago he was recognized, and the police arrested his last night at citizer Creek, on complaint of Leroy S. Oatman of this city.

FATAL RUNAWAY ACCIENT. FATAL RUNAWAY ACCIENT.

FATAL RUNAWAY ACCIENT.

CHICAGO, July 12.—A runaway horse attached to a light buggy, in which were scated four young people, approached the hisrison Street drawbridge last night, and blunged into the river, the bridge having been open. Stephen citeck and a young woman were precipitated into the river and the former was drowned. GLANDERS AMONG HORSES IN ILLINOIS.

SPRINGPIRED, 111., July 12.—The State Vete-rinarian reports that slanders is prevaient among the horses in
utsetsen counties in this state—the slaims to have been prevented from killing the aumais afflicted, the autorieys of the
owners contending that he could only resort to this measure
after the Governor had issued a produmation declaring the
glandors epidemia. FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

A TALK WITH M. FERRY. HE THINKS THE ACCOUNT OF THE TAMATAVE AFFAIR EXAGGERATED.

LONDON, July 13 .- The Standard's correspondent at Paris says he has had an interview with Prime Minister Ferry, in the course of which M. Ferry declared that the excitement in England over the Tamatave affair must have arisen from a misconception of the feelings of the French Cabinet, whose most sincere wish was to cultivate cordial relations with England. M. Ferry believed that the occurrence at Tamatave had been exaggerated. The deceased British Consul, he said, was known to be anti-French in his attitude. The idea that any French Admiral would insult the British flag M. Ferry declared to be preposterous, and be asserted that Admiral Pierre could not have ventured to adopt the extraordinary course attributed to him.

THE INSULTS TO THE BRITISH FLAG. HOW THE REPORT FROM MADAGASCAR WAS RE-CEIVED - A QUESTION ABOUT THE BRITISH

LONDON, July 12 .- The report of the doings of the French in Madagascar referred to by Mr. Gladstone in the House of Commons yesterday came from the British Consul at Zanzibar. It was brought to that place by a man-of-war. The French Government has telegraphed to Madagascar for details of the proceedings complained of.

At the session of the House of Lords this afternoon Lord Salisbury questioned Lord Granville, Foreign Secretary, as to whether the British force in Madagasear waters would be increased. Lord Granville said that he could not make a public statement which might be misconstrued—the more so as he had reason to believe that the French Government was willing to do what was right in the

FRANCE EXPECTING OFFICIAL ADVICES. LONDON, July 12 .- The French Government have informed England that they await official advices from Tamatave before replying to Lord Granville's demand for explanations of the occurrences there. M. Tissot, Freuch Ambassador in London, who is

absent on furlough, will return to London soone than he expected. than he expected.

A Reuter correspondent at Paris says the French Government have not been informed of the conduct in Tamatave of Admiral Pierre referred to by Mr. Gladstone in the House of Commons.

COMMENTS OF THE FRENCH PRESS. Paris, July 12-The evening newspapers here believe that no serious difficulty will arise out of the Tamatave trouble. The Temps thinks England has magnified a very small affair. The Journal des Débats expresses a similar opinion and points to what it describes as a growing tendency on the part of the English to consider themselves entitled to exemption from burdens imposed by international law upon neutral nations.

THE CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

THE DISEASE APPROACHING CAIRO. ALEXANDRIA, July 12 .- Cholera has appeared at

Zifteh and Chibin, southeast and south of Tantah, and forty and thirty miles respectively from Cairo. A revised list shows the number of deaths from the disease at Mansurah yesterday to have been eighty-nine instead of fifty-nine, as before reported. Thirty-five deaths occurred at Damietta during the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock

The number of deaths from cholera at Menzaler on Monday and Tuesday amounted to forty-eight.

A FRENCH INQUIRY PROJECTED. PARIS, July 12 .- M. Louis Pasteur, the well-known French chemist, has offered to organize a mission with the object of investigating the nature and origin of the cholera in Egypt. The Hygiene Commission has approved the scheme, and M. Pasteur has applied to Lord Granville, the British Foreign Secretary, to furnish him with facilities for carry-

IRISH AND KINDRED TOPICS.

DENNIS FIELD'S LIFE IN DANGER, DUBLIN, July 12 .- Dennis Field, who was foreman of the jury which convicted Hynes, the murderer, and who was afterward stabbed, is in constant receipt of letters threatening him with injury, and his wife and daughters are often insulted in the street. An attempt was made recently to enter his house, but the marauders fled when Mr. Field fired

AN INGENIOUS INFERNAL MACHINE. LONDON, July 12 .- While the house in Birming ham formerly occupied by Whitehead, who was sentenced to imprisonment for life recently for complicity in the dynamite conspiracy, was being re-paired an infernal machine, elaborately made, was found under the planking.

MR. SEXTON ON PAUPER EMIGRANTS. Dublin, July 12 .- At a meeting last night of the Irish National League the receipt of £2,000 from Australia was announced. Mr. Sexton, member of Par liament for County Sligo, in a speech, said England had learned by her short encounter with American politicians on the pauper emigration question that if there was to be a clearance of Ireland it would not be the Irish people who would have to go.

ORANGEMEN WOUNDED IN AN AFFRAY. DUBLIN, July 12 .- The parade of Orange nen in Ulster to-day were unusually large and with on exception peaceable. At Stonebridge an affray of curred in which several Orangemen were wounded Four arrests were made in connection with the affair. TORONTO, July 12.—Three thousand Orangemen celebrated the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne here to-day by a procession through the public streets. They afterward assembled in the Provincial Exhibition Grounds where games were held. Everything passed

afterward assembled in the Provincial Exhibition forounds where games were held. Everything passed off quietly.

The anniversary was celebrated throughout Outario by processions in the forenoon and pienies, games, etc., in the afternoon. At Torouto, Woodstock, Kingston and Hagersville the gatherings were especially large. At Montreal no outdoor celebration took place, and everything was very quiet. In the evening the Orangemen held a meeting in their half, at which the attendance was large.

A CONSPIRATOR TURNS INFORMER. Dublin, July 12 .- Patrick Hanlan, one of men arrested for participating in the murder of Mrs. Smythe in April of last year, has turned informer.

OTHER FOREIGN NEWS.

OPPOSING THE SUEZ CANAL SCHEME. LONDON, July 12 .- The London Chamber of Commerce has unauimously decided that the agree ment between the British Government and M. de Lesseps for the construction of another Suez Canal is inadequate and ansatisfactory. Meetings of shipowners at Sunderland and West Hartlepool have voted that the agreement is detrimental to British commercial interests. Numerous other similar bodies throughout the country have passed resolutions of the same character independently of

politics. The Standard believes that the leaders of the Opposition are not disposed to sanction the conditions of the Canal agreement. The Tory papers tions of the Canal agreement. The Tory papers think that the agreement is a step in the right direction, but that it does not secure to England sufficient control over the Canal. The Times believes that the country will not consider that the agreement removes the grievances of Britian shipping.

London, July 13.—The agreement between the British Government and M. de Lesseps, on the subject of the proposed new Suez Canal, is based upon the generally received idea that M. de Lesseps possesses the exclusive right of cutting the Isthmus of Suez.

Meetings will be held at Lloyd's and the Asso ciated Champers of Commerce to condemn the Government's canal agreement with M. de Lesseps.

GERMAN CRITICS OF MR. SARGENT. LONDON, July 12 .- The North German Gazette of Berlin quotes a letter from Mr. Sargent, the American Minister, in which he states that Germany's pretence that the interdiction of the importation of American pork was owing to sanitary reasons, is now becoming the thinnest veil. The Gazette in re-

ply to the assertion of Mr. Sargent reproduces an article from a Cincinnati paper, in which it is declared that half of the lard manufactured in America consists of cottonseed oil, tallow, clay and

water.

The Times's correspondent at Berlin says it is believed that the German Government have now found a long-sought pretext for favoring native lard by prohibiting imports from America. The justification by The North German Gazette, the correspondent says, of the interdiction of the importation of American pork by alleging that American lard is impure, is a characteristic example of the reasoning of the teason-

EFFECTS OF THE FLOODS IN CANADA. MANY PERSONS MISSING IN LONDON, ONT .- THE

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT \$500,000. London, Ont., July 12.-There is little new report regarding the flood. The water has subsided and groups of men are busy clearing out houses and endeavoring to make such is were not carried away habitable. Active relief measures are on foot and all of those in distress are temporarily provided for either in private houses or at the expense of the city. No more bodies have been recovered, but many persons who were reported missing last night have not yet turned up. The property destroyed by the flood

was valued at \$500,000. Later .- No more deaths have been reported and no more bodies have been found. The water has subsided to its normal level. The citizens are acting promptly toward furnishing relief. It is expected that railway trains will be running regularly

OTTAWA, July 12 .- Another crib at the Carillon Dam, ten feet in length, has been carried away, tak-

Dam, ten feet in length, has been carried away, the ang with it about thirty feet of the superstructure. The break is now about fifty feet wide.

MAEMORA, Ont., July 12.—Mrs. Smith and Miss Cordick, while crossing the Moira River yesterday on a narrow foot bridge, used temporarily during high water, became dizzy, fell into the stream and were drowned.

FRENCH OPERATIONS IN TONQUIN. Paris, July 12.-Advices from Conquin dated July 3 say that General Bouet, the commander of the French troops in Tonquin, arrived at Hanoi or and those at Namdinh and Hanoi were completed, rapidly. On the arrival of 3,000 reinforcements operations were to begin immediately against Sontai. June 15. The defences at Haiphong were completed,

THE COMTE DE CHAMBORD'S WILL. PARIS, July 12 .- The Gaulois says the will of the cognize the Comte de Paris as the heir to the throne of France.

A CABINET CRISIS IN FRANCE AVERTED. Paris, July 12.-The Chamber of Deputies to-day, by a vote of 391 to 115, accepted the Ministers proposal to begin debate on the subject of conventions with railway companies on Monday. The vote is considered as foreshadowing the adoption of the conventions and as obviating all fear of a Capinet crisis.

THE VATICAN AND THE POWERS. Rome, July 12 .- The Russian Government proposes to appoint an ambassador to the Vatican. The Pope has summoned the French bishops to some to Rome for the purpose of consultation with him in regard to the condition of the Church in France. M. KRASZEWSKI SENT TO PRISON.

BERLIN, July 12 .- M. Kraszewski, the Polish novelist and poet, who was arrested on a charge of being connected with a conspiracy in Russian and Prussian Poland, has been found guilty and sen-tenced to two years' imprisonment. In June last the Russian Government seked for the extradition from Germany of M. Kraszewski, who was then living in Leipsic, and three other Poles on the

enarge of giving to Russian revolutionists information regarding the movements of Russian troops. Under orders from the Berlin Government the four men were arrested by the German police and tried. Joseph Ignace Kraszewski is seventy-one years old and has been a voluminous writer. His published vol-umes number 490, and many of his works have been

umes number 490, and many of his works have been translated into foreign languages. Next to Mickiewicz, he is the beat known Pollah writer, and at the celebration of his fiftieth anniversary as an author—in October, 1879—there assembled at Cracow representatives from all parts of Europe. Kraszswski's development as a novel-writer was slow, and he did not win a permanent reputation until 1848, when he published a novel entitled "Splyynz." In his stories he has depicted Polish life in all its aspects and at all stages of its history, and rather optimistically. He has also written poems, and some large and valuable historical works.

BRADLAUGH REPLIES TO THE SPEAKER. LONDON, July 12 .- The Speaker of the House of Commons has written to Mr. Bradlaugh informing him that he will be excluded from the House until he engages not to attempt to take the oath in disregard to the resolution of the House. Mr. Bradlaugh has made a reply declaring that the action of the House in his case was illegal. He says he will endeavor to take his seat in obedience to the law and if he is expelled he will appeal to the electors of his constituency.

LORD DUFFERIN ON CANADA'S FUTURE. LONDON, July 12 .- Lord Dufferin, the British Ambassador to Turkey, was entertained at a banquet at the Empire Club last night. Among the gentle men present were Mr. Lowell, the American Minister, and the Hon. Alexander MacKenzie and Sir Charles Tupper, of Canada. In reply to a toast to his health Lord Dufferin said he believed that before the close of the next century the population of Canada would be 40,000,000. He also believed that the Euglish people were becoming more aware of the feeling of attachment toward the mother country existing in the colonies, and would never permit the Government to repeat the errors by which they had lost America.

GOOD PRACTICE AT THE LONG RANGES. London, July 12 .- The members of the American Rifle Team to-day fired at the 800, 900 and 1,000 yard ranges. The following were the scores:

	See Yards.	900 Yards.	1,000 Yards.	ALL ALL ALL	Yards.	yards.	Yards.
Pollard Aider Stewart Van Housen Joiner Howard Dr. scott Dolan Buil	20 29 28 28 28 27 26 26 26	83 25 25 19 25 19 26 24 24	18 40 15 31 21 27 22 29 13	Paulding Lieut. Scott Cash Raobeth Hinman Shacespeare. Brown Smith	26 24 24 24 23 22 21 17	28 22 21 21 20 20 27 25	28 19 28 28 13 26 29 16

The weather was rainy and gusty. The shooting was watched with great interest. The average scores were very high considering that the weather was unfavorable. The screw wind gauge was used.

THE MEXICAN DEBT QUESTION. CITY OF MEXICO, July 12 .- It is understood that the Mexicau Government, with the approval of a committee of british bondholders, has modified the concommittee of British bondholders, has modified the debt to conform to the authorizations granted by Congress as follows: \$4,700,000 in bonds to be issued by the Mexi-can Treasury in Mexico. Mexican agents in London will collect the Empire's bonds for liquidation. Interest on the new issue or bonds will begin on July 1, 1885.

THE BISHOP OF LINCOLN TO RESIGN. London, July 12 .- The Right Rev. Christopher Wordsworth, Bishop of Lincoln, has given notice of his intention to resign the Bishopric.

Berlin, July 12.—The treaty of commerce between Germany and Spain has been signed. LONDON, July 12.-The Manchester Ship Canal bill passed its third reading in the House of Commons this

LONDON, July 12.-The miners in the Cannock Chase district, in Staffordshire, have struck against a reduction of wages. VIENNA, July 12.-The Emperor Francis Joseph has commuted the sentence of death passed upon Sabidina,

one of Overdank's accomplices, who was recently found guilty of high treason. The Supreme Court will fix Sabidina's term of imprisonment. HAVANA, July 12.—It has again been found necessary to detain the steamer Newport. Sae will sait on Monday for New-York.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 12.-The Baroness Wilson, the Spanish authoress, will soon establish a newspaper in this city, advocating a closer union between the in-habitants of the Latin and American countries. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

BURGLARS USE CHLOROFORM.

EXCITEMENT AT FORT WASHINGTON. AN ELDERLY COUPLE RENDERED UNCONSCIOUS AND

THEIR HOUSE BANSACKED.

Considerable excitement has prevailed at Fort Washington for the last few days over a daring and successful burglary. Edmund Huerstel, a lawyer, whose office is at No. 290 Broadway, left home last Friday, accompanied by his wife, with the in-tention of spending some days at Liberty, Sullivan County. Mr. Huerstel lives with his father and mother, who, during his absence, remained at home, the house at no time being closed, On Monday morning the house at Kingsbridge road and Depot Homere, belonging to Mr. Bardin, was entered by burglars, who, before proceeding to business, drank two bottles of whiskey which they found in the dining-room and ate freely of some cold meat and pickles which were in the side board. Judging from the amount of liquor disposed of and the havoe made with the provisions, considerable time must have been spent in preparing for their night's work. For some reason, probably becoming alarmed at some noise in the house, they went no further than the dining-room, leaving the house as they had entered, it by a back window, and only taking with them half of a red wax candle. The cause of their evident alarm and consequent flight is still a mystery, as nobody in the house was stirring, and their visit was only known from the broken window and the evidence of their midnight feast.

CHLOROFORMING A DOG AND TWO PERSONS After their hasty departure from Mr. Bardin's nouse they went directly to Mr. Huerstel's and easily effected an entrance by cutting a pane from the dining-room window, reaching in and unclasping the fastening. Mr. Huerstel has a bull terrier of pure breed and an excellent watchdog. The burglars suce seded in chloroforming him before he gave the alarm and passed from the dining-room to the hallway, having first lighted the piece of candle taken from Mr. Bardin's house. Old Mr. and Mrs. Huerstel occupied the front room on the second floor, and it is probable that the intruders went directly there on entering the house and successfully chloroformed both of them. Having accomplished this, they searched the clothes of their unconscious victims, finding about \$40 in money, and also securing a policeman's whistle, which they found in Mr. Huerstel's pocket, probably fearing that he might wake up and give the alarm before they were through with their work. The next step was to remove the bureau drawers, which for greater convenience were taken to the dining-room and thoroughly ransacked. Besides some clothes and miscellaneous articles, the bureau contained a diamond solitaire ring valued at \$600, a valuable lady's watch with a blue enamelled case studded with diamonds and a heavy gold chain, a chronometer belonging to Mr. Huerstel, two pairs of earrings, two sets of sleeve-links and two scarf pins. Leaving the less valuable articles strewn about in the greatest confusion, the burglars rested from their labors and drank two bottles of wine,

MAKING A HASTY FLIGHT. The next attack was was made in the direction of young Mr. Huerstel's room. Drawers were turned inside out and wardrobes and closets overhauled,

but here no jewelry rewarded the search, and nothing was taken except a cigar case and two or three dozen cigars. Returning to the dining-room, the burglars turned their attention to the silver. This was found heaped upon the table in the morning, but again the thieves beat a hasty retreat, leaving the silver behind them. This second panic is believed to have been due to a near neighbor who has a large number of dogs and who was up nearly all the night packing. About 3 a. m. he called his dog, shonting several times from the window, and it is

probable that his voice caused the hasty exit of the

burglars and saved Mr. Huerstel's plate. Old Mr. and Mrs. Huerstel regained consciousness about 5 a. m., and, though greatly prostrated for some hours, are slowly recovering from the effects of the chloroform and shock, Mr. Haerstel distinctly remembers being partly aroused by a faint glimmering light which was approaching the open door of his room, but before he could speak or move the room was filled was appropriate the room was filled with a pungent, suffocating odor, a wet cloth was flung over his face, and almost instantly be became insensible, remembering nothing more until he regained consciousness and roused his wite after great difficulty. For some time the old people could not realize what had happened, and gazed helplessly about their dismantled chamber, but gradually, as the effects of the chloroform began to wear off, the situation became evident, and rousing the servant, who had slept through it all, the full extent of their loss was ascertained. Young Mr. Huerstel and his wife received a triegram and immediately returned to New York. Mr. Huer-tel engaged a detective on his arrival; he is now investigating the case, but thus far no trace of the criminals has been discovered.

WHAT MR. HUERSTEL SAYS OF THE BURGLARY.

WHAT MR. HUERSTEL SAYS OF THE BURGLARY. In speaking of the robbery yesterday afternoon, Mr. Huerstel said: "I advertised this morning offering \$200 reward and no questions asked, for the return of the stolen jewelry, but I don't anticipate much from it. I value the stolen articles more from association than from their intrinsic worth and would pay thrice their value rather than have them destroyed. It will be impossible for the burglars to dispose of the watches, as all the principal pawnbrokers are warned, and I am now afraid they may destroy the watches and sell them for old gold; the more so as my mother's watch is studded with diamonds, some of very good size. This fear induced me to effor the reward this morning."

"Are Mr. and Mrs. Huerstel quite recovered from

"Are Mr. and Mrs. Huerstel quite recovered from the shock?" was asked.

"Yes, and the d-tor does not apprehend any serious results, though it was a terribly trying experience and we all have cause to be thankful it did not result more disastronsly chloroform in ignorant hands being rather a dangerous weapon,"

"What do the detectives think of the burgiary?"

"I fancy they are rather puzzled, and are still without any real clew; the general impression seems to be that the men were old hands, and the cool, business-like way in which they sat down and drank my wine would seem to corroborate tais theory. Then the skilful manner in which my dog was silenced and the manner of satering the house suggests cracksmen of skill and experience."

"What kind of police supervision have you at Fort Washington?"

"We have a mounted force, who are supposed to patrol the roads all night, but their horses are never badly used up by morning. In fact, I find they have been keeping their horses in my stables at night and sleeping in the hay themselves. This affair has caused a good deal of excitement in the neighborhood, and the authorities are thoroughly alive to the fact that people are very indigthe neighborhood, and the anthorities are ther-oughly alive to the fact that people are very indig-nant, the general feeling being very bitter against the police, who, for a long time, have left that part of the city to take care of itself, practically, ar-night, and this is the natural result."

IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

STATE CONVENTION IN MASSACHUSEITS-RESOLU-TIONS ADOPTED.

Boston, July 12 .- The State Convention under the auspices of the Irish National Land League assembled at Faneuil Hall this morning. Delegates were present from the various benevolent, temperance, literary and social Irish American societies of Massachusetts. The meeting was called to order by John Boyle O'Reilly, who was chosen temporary chairman, with

Jono J. Sheahaa, temporary secretary.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported The Committee on Permanent Organization reported for President, Patrick A. Collins, of Bosto : Thomas Brennan, of Irel.nd, then addressed the convention.

Resolutions were adopted approving the action of the Pulladelpnia convention, denoqueing the "assisted" pauper entgration scaeme of England and pledging political influence to prevent its consummation; the Iris't Parina neutary party are congratulated on the success of their candidate in the recent election in County Monaghap, it being regarded as a happy omen of approaching unity of the Irish people. A permanent State organization was formed with the Rev. P. A. McKenna, of Worcester, preside, to recaide t.

SUICIDE OF RUFUS S. MUNN.

TROY, N. Y., July 12 .- Ex-Trustee Rufus S. Muno, one of the most prominent citizens of Lausin burg, was found dead this morning with his throat co from our to car. He was sunstruck three weeks ago and had ever since complained of a pain in the nead.